

# Referensi Cepat Swift

Tipe, optional, protocol, penanganan error — esensial

## Dasar

### Hello World

```
import Foundation
print("Hello, World!")
```

### Konstanta & Variabel

```
let name = "Swift" // constant (immutable)
var count = 0 // variable (mutable)
count += 1
let pi: Double = 3.14 // explicit type annotation
```

### Komentar

```
// single-line comment
/* multi-line
comment */
/// documentation comment (Markdown supported)
```

## Tipe Data

### Tipe Dasar

<b>Int</b>	Integer berukuran platform (64-bit di sistem modern)
<b>Double</b>	Floating point 64-bit (lebih diutamakan dari Float)
<b>Float</b>	Floating point 32-bit
<b>Bool</b>	<b>true / false</b>
<b>String</b>	String Unicode, value type
<b>Character</b>	Satu extended grapheme cluster

### Inferensi Tipe & Konversi

```
let score = 95 // inferred as Int
let gpa = 3.8 // inferred as Double
let total = Double(score) + gpa // explicit conversion
let label = "Score: \(score)" // string interpolation
```

### Tuple

```
let point = (x: 3, y: 5)
print(point.x) // named access
let (x, y) = point // decompose
let (first, _) = point // ignore second value
```

### Type Alias

```
 typealias Coordinate = (Double, Double)
let origin: Coordinate = (0.0, 0.0)
```

## Alur Kontrol

### If / Else

```
if score > 90 { print("A") }
else if score > 80 { print("B") }
else { print("C") }
```

### Switch

```
switch grade {
case "A": print("excellent")
case "B", "C": print("passing")
default: print("unknown")
}
```

### Loop

```
for i in 0..<5 { // half-open range
for name in names { // collection
for (i, val) in list.enumerated() { }
while condition { }
repeat { } while condition // do-while
```

## Guard

```
func process(value: Int?) {
guard let v = value, v > 0 else { return }
print(v) // v is unwrapped and in scope
}
```

## Fungsi

### Fungsi Dasar

```
func greet(name: String) -> String {
return "Hello, \(name)!"
}
greet(name: "Alice")
```

### Label Argumen

```
func move(from start: Int, to end: Int) -> Int {
return end - start
}
move(from: 0, to: 10) // external labels
func add(_ a: Int, _ b: Int) -> Int { a + b }
```

### Parameter Default & Variadic

```
func join(_ items: String..., separator: String = ", ") -> String {
items.joined(separator: separator)
}
join("a", "b", "c")
```

### Parameter inout

```
func double(_ x: inout Int) { x *= 2 }
var num = 5
double(&num) // num is now 10
```

## Closure

### Sintaks Closure

```
let double = { (x: Int) -> Int in return x * 2 }
let nums = [3, 1, 2]
let sorted = nums.sorted { $0 < $1 }
let mapped = nums.map { $0 * 10 }
```

### Trailing Closure

```
UIView.animate(withDuration: 0.3) {
view.alpha = 0.0
}
```

### Menangkap Nilai

```
func makeCounter() -> () -> Int {
var count = 0
return { count += 1; return count }
}
let counter = makeCounter() // counter() => 1, 2, ...
```

## Class & Struct

### Struct (Value Type)

```
struct Point {
var x: Double
var y: Double
}
var p = Point(x: 1, y: 2) // auto memberwise init
```

### Class (Reference Type)

```
class Vehicle {
var speed: Double = 0
init(speed: Double) { self.speed = speed }
}
class Car: Vehicle { var gear: Int = 1 }
```

## Struct vs Class

<b>struct</b>	Value type, disalin saat penugasan, tanpa inheritance
<b>class</b>	Reference type, dibagikan via referensi, mendukung inheritance
<b>mutating deinit</b>	Keyword wajib untuk metode struct yang memodifikasi <b>self</b> Deinitializer khusus class (dipanggil sebelum dealokasi)

## Protocol

### Definisi & Konformitas

```
protocol Drawable {
var description: String { get }
func draw()
}
struct Circle: Drawable { /* implement required members */ }
```

### Protocol Extension

```
extension Drawable {
func log() { print("Drawing: \(description)") }
}
// all Drawable conformers get log() for free
```

### Protocol Umum

<b>Equatable</b>	Perbandingan == dan !=
<b>Comparable</b>	Pengurutan <, >, <=, >=
<b>Hashable</b>	Dapat digunakan sebagai kunci Dictionary atau dalam Set
<b>Codable</b>	Encodable + Decodable (JSON, Plist)
<b>CustomStringConvertible</b>	Properti <b>description</b> kustom
<b>Identifiable</b>	Membutuhkan properti <b>id</b> (SwiftUI)

## Optional

### Deklarasi Optional

```
var name: String? = "Alice" // may contain String or nil
var age: Int? = nil // currently nil
let count: Int = 5 // non-optional, never nil
```

### Unwrapping

```
if let n = name { print(n) } // optional binding
guard let n = name else { return } // guard
let n = name ?? "Unknown" // nil coalescing
let n = name! // force unwrap (crashes if nil)
```

### Optional Chaining

```
let count = user?.address?.zip?.count
// returns nil if any link in the chain is nil
user?.save() // called only if user is non-nil
```

### Optional Map

```
let length = name.map { $0.count } // Int?
let upper = name.flatMap { $0.isEmpty ? nil : $0.uppercased() }
```

## Enum

### Enum Dasar

```
enum Direction {
case north, south, east, west
}
var heading = Direction.north
heading = .east // type inferred
```

# Referensi Cepat Swift

## Associated Values

```
enum Result {
    case success(data: String)
    case failure(code: Int, message: String)
}
if case .failure(let code, _) = r { print(code) }
```

## Raw Values

```
enum Planet: Int {
    case mercury = 1, venus, earth, mars
}
let p = Planet(rawValue: 3) // Optional(.earth)
print(Planet.earth.rawValue) // 3
```

## Metode pada Enum

```
enum Suit: String, CaseIterable {
    case hearts, diamonds, clubs, spades
}
Suit.allCases.forEach { print($0.rawValue) }
```

## Penanganan Error

### Mendefinisikan Error

```
enum NetworkError: Error {
    case badURL
    case timeout(seconds: Int)
    case serverError(code: Int)
}
```

### Melempar & Menangkap

```
func fetch(url: String) throws -> Data {
    guard url.hasPrefix("https") else { throw NetworkError.badURL }
    return Data()
}
do { let data = try fetch(url: "https://example.com") }
catch { print("Error: \(error)") }
```

### Varian try

- try** Harus dalam **do-catch**, meneruskan error
- try?** Mengembalikan optional, **nil** jika error
- try!** Force try, crash jika error
- throws** Fungsi dapat melempar error
- rethrows** Melempar hanya jika argumen closure melempar